LEGAL LEADERS IN SESSION

ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT MANDERSON

Ex-Senator Reviews Changes to Statute Laws That Have Been Made by State and Nation During the Last Year.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 29.-The opening session of the twenty-third annual meeting of the American Bar association was held here today. The president's address was delivered by ex-Senator Charles F. Manderson of Omaha, Neb., communicating the most noteworthy changes in statute law on points of general interest made in several states and by congress during the preceding year. nomination and election of bers followed; also the election of the general council.

The report of the treasurer, Francis Rawle of Philadelphia, gave the receipts as \$8,234, leaving a balance of \$3,456. ports were also submitted by the secretary, John Hinkley of Baltimore, Md., and by the executive committee.

"DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASH-INGTON, July 21, 1999.—Hon. Charles F. Manderson, President of the America's Bar Association, Omaha, Neb.—Sir: This department has received a dispatch from the United States ambassador at Paris, submitting an interesting memorandum prepared by Mr. Edmond Kelly, a delegate from the United States to the international congress of law now sitting at Paris, in which he sets forth considerations regarding the creation of an international bureau for the collection and utilization of the world's legislation.

"Inasmuch as your association is doing for this country substantially what Mr. Kelly proposed should be done by a central bureau with respect to the legislation of the states of the world, I have the honor to enclose herewith for your consideration copies of General Porter's dispatch and its accompanying memorandum.

"The department understand.

recompanying memorandum

"The department understands that one of the aims of the American Bar association is to accomplish a unlification of the tion is to accomplish a unification of the law on a given subject, which project of laws of the several states, through the proposal by the association of a uniform law is then, through the several state bar associations, submitted to their legislatures and its passage urged. The conception of the creation and object of the projected international bureau appears therefore to be a development of the American idea. "It is appreciated that the collection and publication of the civilized states of the world from year to year by a central bureau



might greatly facilitate the study of commentive jurisprudence and by its enlighten-the influence tend to the amelicration of the common law, as well as of the municipal American Bar Association Holds Its Annual
Meeting at Saratoga.

Meeting at Saratoga.

Meeting at Saratoga.

Common law, as well as the law of nations.

"Before, however, instructing General Porter in the matter, an expression of your law on the general proposition is requested. I am, sir, your obedient servant, "JOHN HAY."

General Manderson's Reply.

"JOHN HAX."

General Manderson's Reply.

To the letter from the homerable, the scoretary of state, your president made the following reply.

"John Hay."

"John H

the first session of the Fifty-sixth, which began on December 4, 1899, and adjourned on June 7, 1996. The law-making mania is n evidence from the fact that in the sent the house 12,220. Of these there were entered 197 public and 729 private laws. Many of the bills bearing upon subjects of grave mport are in the hands of the committees of grave the overhead of the committees of the committees. or upon the over-burdened calendars of the two houses and will receive consideration

or upon the over-burdened calendars of the two houses and will receive consideration at the next session.

The legislation accomplished has reached into the very heart of the difficult questions presented, and many of the unusual responsibilities that devolved upon the federal legislature have been met with fearlessness and with a wisdom that time will prove. Hawaii had come to us by voluntary action and the laws essential for its annexation and govern ment were pressing. Alaska, with a greatly increased population, excited and feverish in their pursuit of the precious metals on the coast line and on the Yukon, was, as it has been for many years, practically without law. The transition from disorder under Spain to order under the United States had to be accomplished in Perto Rice and its relative status determined. The condition of affairs in the distant Philippines were disturbing and the army and navy needed the legislation that would permit efficiency. Our guardianship over Cuba brought up much to disturb. A fixed standard of value was needed to bring about stability in business. Active industry in all the trades was demanding a larger volume of the circulating medium. Valuable treaties with other powers were pending for the consideration of the senate.

I refer to the laws that seem to be of

senate. I refer to the laws that seem to be of teneral interest, congratulating myself and you that the number is not greater, for, as as been well stated by the accomplished president pro tempore of the senate, the noncrable senator from Maine, "It is no small part of the duty of congressional eaders to contrive how not to legislate; to revent great, numbers of ill-considered, ediably premoted and vicious measures from becoming laws."

Pinancial Bill Analyzed.

n act was passed March 14, 1900, to de-and fix the standard of value, to main-t the parity of all forms of money is-d or coined by the United States and to and the public debt.

The federal judicial district of Porto Rico is established. The president appointed the judge, district attorney and marshal and the judge has the powers usually exercised by the district and circuit judges of the United States. Writs of error and appeals are provided to the supreme court of the United States both from the supreme court of Porto Rico and the federal district court. The voters are to choose every two years a resident commissioner to the United States, who shall be entitled to official recognition by all departments and shall be paid by the United States 5,000 per annum. He must be a broad fide citizen of Porto Rico. 30 years eld and able to read and write English. A commission of three members is to be appointed by the president to complete and revise the laws of Porto Rico and to report advisable legis-

Burden of the Reviewer.

Burden of the Reviewer.

Unhappy he, who, in the preparation of the annual address, finds the burden upon him to communicate to the association "the most noteworthy changes in statute law on points of general interest" in the odd numbered years. On the last occasion it required the examination of forly-two volumes of session laws, many of them covering from 58 to 1,060 pages. The most yoluminous sinner this year is the state of Maryland, that issues, it is hoped to an admiring and grateful people, a book of 1,372 pages, at the modest "price of \$5.40, express prepaid."

I comment today on the laws passed within the year by thirteen states that have held regular sessions, and the states of California. Michigan and Texas, whose legislatures have been in extra session under the call of their governors.

I will not weary you by reading all the report on the state enactments of 1990 and will simply call attention to some of the most notable. I hope, however, that when published they will command your attention and that some method may be devised to correct the evil of over-legislation and guard the body politic from the mischiefs to be apprehended from indiscriminate, reckless, experimental and sometimes corrupt legislation.

Charge Against Legislatures.

Charge Against Legislatures.

The evil is a growing one and repeated warnings seem to have had but little effect The evil is a growing one and repeated warnings seem to have had but little effect. Nearly twenty years ago our honored President Phelps spoke, in emphalic tones, words that I must quote. He said, speaking of the material of which legislatures are composed and their capacity to regulate the delicate machinery by which the delicate machiner, which appears whose integrity is another which and the pressal of their labors is rarely calculated to inspire confidence in their wisdom. In the majority of themetary, inconsiderate, ill-advised legislation for the majority of the manual potential to make the real or supposed hardship of seme particular case; to further some private end or to reflect some temporary gust of popular feeling; they are characterized by a tendency to extend the program of the said all inconveniences; by a looseness and ambiguity of expression; that leads to endless uncertainty and litteration, and, last and worst, by a factivation of purpose that deprives statute law of all stability and alters, amends reconstructs and repeals its enartments from year to year more rapidly than the courts can strope their way to a construction of the language in which they are concluded.

A territic charge, truly, but the grand jury of public opinion would declare it a true of bill.

I commend to your careful thought the foreible address upon "The American" DONT
The surest way to keep the womanly bealth is to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, It promotes perfect regulations of the first the first work of the first the first the first work of the first the first work of the first the first the first work of the first the first the first work of the first wo

us as the result of our war with Spain has been provided with a government.

All innabitants we a government which shall insist that the volume of legislation shall be resulted to preserve theirs subjects April 11, 1928, and their children board since are citizens of Porte Rice, except those who elected to preserve their site and the states shall be kept away from legislations who elected to preserve their site and the states shall be kept away from legislations of the country not in conflict with those of the United States shall continue in force until altered or modified by the legislative authority provided for in the legislative authority of the legislative authority of legislative design the legislative authority of the legislative authority of legislative design the legislati

Not a New Thing.

Not a New Thing.

The evil is no new one. In days of old Tacitus declared: "When the state is most currupt, then the laws are most multiplied." The tendency to deal with every evil that appears in society, by coercive legislation, "says Lecky, that thoughtful philosopher, "weakens the robust, self-reliant, resourceful habits on which the happiness of society so integely depends and at the same time, by multiplying the functions and therefore increasing the expenses of government throws new and crushing burdens on strugging industry." Shawing, in his excellent and late work, "The Map of Life" now injudicious and improvident laws defeat the very purpose for which they are framed. He says "Measures guaranteeing men, and still more, women, from excessive labor and surrounding them with costly sanitary presentations, may easily, if they are injudiciously framed, so handicap a sex or people in the competition of industry as to drive them out of great fields of industry, restrict their means of livelihood lower their standard of wages and comfort, and thus seriously diminish the happiness of their lives."

States.

Tuesday evening Nolan called upon John N. Westberg, the secretary of the Masonic Relief association of the city, and with tears in his eyes, told a story of misfortune which appealed to the competition of the was a master Mason, a member of Denver lodge with force. Nolan stated that he was in Omaha he had worked as a decorator; that Tuesday morning he had received word that his brother, C. E. Nolan, had died in Philadelphia and that he desired to attend the function, may easily, if they are injudicious and in the competition of industry, restrict their means of livelihood lower their standard of wages and comfort, and thus seriously diminish the happiness of their lives."

Geotlemen of the American Bar associa-

Series in the control of the control Paul; Mississippi, R. H. Thompson, Jackson; Missouri, James Hagerman, St. Louis;
Son; Missouri, James Hagerman, St. Louis;
Son; Missouri, James Hagerman, St. Louis;
to the court that he had refused to make
Montana, A. C. Botkin (Washington, D. C.),
the levy requested because Barfield has negthe levy requested because Barfield has negner pail to work instead of having neither
of W. A. Hazlett of Geneva. In the forty-five states and the three territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma only eleven permit their legislative assemblies to sit without limit as to time. The remaining thirty-seven fix forty days as the shortest and ninety days as the longest period that the infliction may exist. The following six states hold annual seasions, and four of these without limit Georgia, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and South Carolina, Charles A. Woods, Marion; South Dakota, Bartlett Tripp, Yankton; Tennesselons, and four of these without limit Georgia, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and South Carolina, There is effort under way in several of these states to bring about blemial sessions. Of the remaining forty-two states and territorice seven hold blemial sessions in even numbered years and thirty-five in odd numbered years.

Burden of the Reviews. Island, Amasa M. Eaton, Providence; South Carolina, Charles A. Woods, Marion; South Dakota, Bartlett Tripp, Yankton; Tennessee, H. H. Ingersoil, Knoxville; Texas, F. C. Dillard, Sherman; Utah, Richard R. Shepard, Salt Lake; Vermont, Elihu B. Taft, Burlington; Virginia, W. A. Glassgood, Roanoke; Washington, C. H. Hanford, Seattle; West Virginia, W. W. Van Winkle, Parkersburg, Wisconsin, Charles H. Gregory, Madison; Wyoming, Charles N. Potter, Cheyenne. N. Potter, Cheyenne. At the general session today a paper

was read by Richard M. Venable of Baitimore on the "Growth of Law."

Ed Avery Harriman of Chicago read a paper on "Ultra Vires Corporation Laws." In the section of legal education this afternoon the chairman's address was made by Mrs. N. Gregory of Wisconsin on "The State of Legal Education of the World. William Draper Lewis of the University of Pennsylvania spoke on the "Proper Preparation for the Study of Law."

In the section of patent, trade mark and copyright law the chairman's address

FINISH SHIPMENT OF OATS

Last of Seven Million Pounds Purchased for Use in Philippines Go Forward.

Nine million pounds were ordered by the department in three requisitions. The first order was filled easily, the second with equal case at a lower price than the first, but it was found impossible to secure more than 1,000,000 pounds of the third let, as cata grown in 1899 were specified. The

Tuesday evening Nolan called upon John

of the Denver lodge and Mr. Westberg and ward Wednesday night endorsed A. C. is not a member of this lodge."

While awaiting the answer Nolan left. has failed to make his appearance. The secretary believes that he is in the business of defrauding Masons and that he will visiting candidates had been listened to ate heard from again.

Nolan seems to be a Mason, but is evidently a new hand at the fraudulent work. as he is not recorded in the bulletin, nor is anyone answering his description,

DECIDES INSURANCE

Holder of Mortgage Need Not Credit Mortgagee with More than He Actually Receives.

In the United States court yesterday Judge Munger filed an opinion in the case of the National Life Insurance company against Conrad Bohn and others. The case is one growing out of the payment of insurance mington; District of Columbia, Henry E. upon mortgaged property which was de-Davis, Washington; Florida, R. W. Wil- stroyed by fire. The opinion is to the effect liams. Tallahassee; Georgia, George W. that the mortgagor may compromise with an think the matter over and notify Mr. Harte insurance company and give the mortgagee credit with the amount of money received. but is not required to credit him with the delegation. South McAlester; Indiana, William P. face of the policy. In this case be holds Breen, Fort Wayne; Iowa, John Deery, that the complainant may not received credit Dubuque; Kansas, John D. D. Milliken, for \$2,500 paid as attorneys' fees when the ward republicans are noted for their encourt has previously held that \$600 was a thusiasm. Congressman Dave Mercer was

Application for Mandamus Refused. H. Barfield applied to Judge Keysor yesterday for a writ of mandamus to compel Sheriff Power to levy upon certain property belonging to the Miller Piano company, but the lected to put up an indemnifying bond. Under the circumstances Judge Keysor de- years ago. Candidates who addressed the clined to issue the mandamus and the case meeting were M. A. Hall, Harry Fischer, was continued until the first day of the Sep- Gus Harte, John H. Butler and S. A. Cor-

George Warren Smith has brought action the federal court to prevent Robert I Carter, city building inspector, from inter Carter, city building inspector, from inter-fering with repairs that are being made on the frame building at 1314 Farnam street. The council rescinded a resolution allowing the owners of this building to construct a new front, and adjacent property owners have enjoined George Warren Smith and brothers from making such repairs.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A cottage for sale at a bargain. Call at W. T. Graham. Bee building. The council has appropriated \$1,500 for the care of patients in the emergency hospital. and copyright law the chairman's address was delivered by Franklin Fish of Boston.

Reports were submitted on "Federal Courts" by Robert S. Taylor of Fort Wayne, Ind., and on "Patent Office Practice" by James Kay of Pittsburg, Pa.

FINICH CHIENET OF CATE Father, Nicholas Leonard passed a bad

Father Nicholas Leonard passed a bad night at St. Joseph's hospital, but was re-ported somewhat improved yesterday. He has railled from the effects of the amputation and the physicians are hopeful of his recovery. Joseph Sweeney and Emil Ruhe, two of

The last of the Nebraska cais purchased by the United States for the army in the Philippines will leave Omaha today. The last of the Nebraska cais purchased the four men who were arrested Monday night and held for investigation in connection with the holdup at Arff's saloon the night before, have been discharged, as there was no evidence against them.

more than 1,000,000 pounds of the third lot, as cats grown in 1890 were specified. The crop of 1900 will be sufficiently cured in a mouth for use by the government and there is consequently no shortage.

Yesterday was pay day for the contractors of subsistence and the force of the chief commissary was busy auditing the bills.

FACTORY MODIFICATION ACTION MRY Mary Hausen, who works at the

caped without injury.

Mrs. Mary Hansen, who works at the Union Depot hotel, has asked the aid of the police department in the search for her three children. Oxalina, a young woman aged 21, and two sons, named Alex and Carl, aged 18 and 24, respectively. She says she went to Abaine, Kan, last spring, and, when she returned to Omaha a week ago, her offsprings had left home and she has no clue to their whereabouts.

Superintendent Pearse has been flooded.

has no clue to their whereabouts.

Superintendent Pearse has been flooded with inquiries from ensiern educators concerning the vacancy in the principalship of the Omaha High school. When Irwen Leviston was elected superintendent of the St. Paul schools educational papers mentioned the fact that he was formerly principal of the Omaha High z-hool and falled to state that he severed his connection with the schools here in 122.

Detectives Bonahue and Heitfeld and

the schools here in 1932.

Detectives Donahue and Heitfeld and Officer Herald raided an onium joint at 113 North Fifteenth street about 2 yesterday morning, catching four frequenters and the two Chinese keepers. Lang John and Charile Leo. The frequenters, two men and two women, gave the names of Laura Clifford, May Smith, Eddie Parker and Wallace Clifford. A quantity of opium smokers materials were seized and will be held as evidence. Arraigned in police court the six defendants pleaded not guilty and their hearing was set for Friday afternoon.

Reserved seats for the BELLSTEDT BAND CON-CERTS will go on sale Thursday morning, Aug. 30th, at 10:30, at the pavilion box office, 15th & Capitol Avenue.

Secure coupon books now and save \$2.00 on twenty tickets. They will not be on sale after Sept. 3d.

SECOND WARD WANTS HARTE

Republican Club Willing to Let the County Commissioner Name His Own Delegation.

A big meeting of republicans in the Secinquired by telegraph the standing of Harte in his candidacy for county commis-Nolan. The answer was immediate. "He sioner from the Second district. It was the regular meeting of the Second Ward Repubsaying be would return Wednesday. He entertained the members with addresses on the political issues.

After the speakers of the evening and the side. tentively, Joe Kavan moved that Mr. Harte The Masonic lodges of the country, es- be given the privilege of selecting the delepecially those of the larger towns, are gation from the Second ward to the repubmembers of a national association which lican convention and that the two candidates has for its object the prosecution and ex- for the legislature from that ward, S. A. position of fraudulent Masons who make a Corneer and D. W. Gilbert, submit their business of imposing upon the lodges. Mr. pames at the primaries with the understand-Weathers has a good description of Nolan ing that the one receiving the higher numand will send it to New York for publica- ber of votes should receive the unqualified tion in the bulletin. He desires a photo- support of the delegation named by Mr. graph of the fellow, but has little hope of Harte. Mr. Corneer seemed ready to acquiese in such action, but Mr. Gilbert op-

> "I do not care," said Mr. Gilbert, "to agree to any proposition of this kind until I have had time to think the matter over. I have expected that there will be two tickets CASE in the field from this ward and it does not seem to me possible one delegation will suffice. This is not a fight between Mr. Corneer and myself. It is the question of who shall be United States senator, Rosewater or Webster. I have not pledged myself to either, but it is understood that Mr. Corneer is for Rosewater, so I am forced to take the other side and endorse Mr. Webster's

candidacy." Mr. Gilbert's contradiction of himself was noted by the crowd, but the motion was subsequently amended whereby Messrs. Corneer and Gilbert are to have until Friday to whether or not they will agree to give him the privilege of naming the Second ward delegation.

The meeting was one of the most enthusister of Mrs. J. A. Beverly and daughter Bernics of Omaha are the guests of Judge and Mrs. T. H. Saunders at Osceo'a and will remain there for several days. Mrs. Beverly is the sister of Mrs. Saunders.

astic in the history of the club, and Second the principal speaker, delivering an extended address on topics of the present campaign. R. Wolf, a young workingman employed in one of the local wholesale houses, made an cloquent talk and presented any number of logical reasons why the laboring man should work nor contents for a dinner pail as four neer.

Arguments in the suit against the estate of Alvin Saunders, brought by the receiver of the Nebraska Savings tank, were completed in Judge Vinsonhaler's court yesterday forenoon.

Farington Domestic Land City of the Visit Important of the Court of the Court of the City o mensely.

> Omaha vesterday returned the courtesy recently paid the Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben when a large delegation of Seward bustness men came to Omaha to fathom the mysteries and sample the hilarities of the den, by moving upon Seward to the number of over 250 and participating in the enjoyment of the opening of the county fair at that point. The run out was made over the Elkhorn. Most of the leading business houses of the city were repre sented in the party and when it reached Seward, shortly before noon, it was met at the depot by a delegation of prominent citizens and crowds of eager spectators, who had assembled to welcome it

> The Omaha people were escorted directly to the fair grounds, which they found to be all that had been represented in point of beauty, convenience and adaptability for the purposes of a fair. The grounds are located on the banks of the Blue river and are delightfully cool and shady. The buildings are new, the displays are of the

superior character and infinite variety that characterize the prosperous and rich Nebraska counties and the races were speedy and spirited. No formal greetings were exchanged, but the people of Seward seemed to take every possible care that the Omaha party was helped to the fullest enjoyment of the many pleasures afforded. The party left Seward on its return over the Burlington, reaching Omaha at 3:50 p. m. All spoke in the highest terms of lican club, at which a number of speakers praise of their enjoyment of the neighborly visit and came home with the assurance that the pelasure was not all on their

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

J. P. Cobb of Detroit is in the city Willard Kimball of Lincoln is in Omaha.

R. Welty of Fremont is at the Murray V. Whiting of Lincoln is at the Mus-

E. Forbes of Ottawa, Kan., is at the Theodore Gardner of Lawrence, Kan., is a guest of the Millard.

E. K. Valentine and family of West Point are at the Her Grand. J. D. Flanigan of Oberlin, Kan., is a guest of the Merchants. W. R. Morse, an insurance agent of Clarks, Neb., is a patron of the Murray. Bruce E. Smith, proprietor of the Eno-hotel, Fremont, is a guest of the Murray.

Ed Bennett, Chris Mattison and W. W. Daley, all of Rawlins, Wyo, are in Omaha. Rev. George A. Beecher and Alvin E. Pool of North Platte are staying at the Millard. Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Penney have re-turned from a trip through the Black Hills and the Yellowstone park. H. Stahl of Walnut, Ia., is at the Millard E. M. F. Leftley, a banker and miller of Lexington, is at the Millard.

Dr. R. I. Mattice left for a two weeks' vacation last evening. He will visit

vacation last evening. He will visit Ningara Falls and other eastern places of Henry Douglas, who for two years has been chief clerk of the Paxton hotel, has resigned. Mr. Douglas was very popular among the traveling public.

R. C. Rowiey of The Bee composing room has returned from a visit to lilinois, where he went at the close of the convention of the International Typographical union, to which he was a delegate.

Mrs. W. D. McHugh, Miss Kate A. McHugh, Miss Anna T. Adams and Miss Susan Faxton, who spent the summer in Europe, have notified friends and relatives in Omaha of their safe arrival in New York. O. R. Ellers, railway mail clerk on the

Nebraskans at the Merchants Wednesday: W. E. Cole and R. E. McPherson of Monroe, Dr. J. A. W. Hull of Stella, William Colton of York, James H. Barrett of Ogalalla, C. F. Scholer of Jirbury, William E. Sharp of Lincoln, H. P. Simmons of Chadron, C. Hoeppner of Hastings and C. S. M. Russom of Fullerton.

Rubber Gloves. Just the protecting the hands while doing housework. Price each maii 100 extra. THE ALOE & PENFOLD CO. Deformity Brace Manufacturors OMAHA. 1406 Farnam

Op. Paxton Hotel.

Hospe's Overstock Art Sale -

Comprises every article in the picture line in the store-you are not offered a few soiled, out-of-date subjects to select from, but you are at liberty to inspect the entire stock and make a choice from the very latest arrivals-no reserve-every picture of every kind subject to discount-beautiful pictures from 1c up-according to size-\$1.00 pictures, 35 cents-\$1.50 pictures, 50 cents-\$2.00 pictures, 75 cents-\$4.00 pictures, 98 cents-that tells the tale.

A. HOSPE, Music and Art. 1513 Douglas.

School Begins In September -

Drex L. Shooman has no competitors when it comes to misses' school shoes-There is value in every pair-A genuine calf skin and heavy kid, with heavy soles and wide round toe, patent leather and kid tip, button or lace-We know they are worth more than we ask-and you will know so when you see them-Misses' sizes, 111/2 to 2, are \$1.50-Child's sizes, 9 to 11, are \$1.25-We do business on a \$2 basis for \$1.50-That is, we mean you would pay \$2 anywhere else

Drexel Shoe Co., Omaha's Up-to-date Shoo House. 1619 FARNAM STREET.

for their equal.

